



**Intercontinental Terminals Company (ITC) Fire Morning Update
Deer Park, Texas
April 4, 2019 0000 – April 4, 2019 1159**

Incident Management Objectives:

Objective 1: Ensure the health and safety of the public and response personnel.

Objective 2: Establish an incident management structure and processes employing the Incident Command System to enable effective overall management of the event with deployment of resources (staff and equipment) in a rapid, focused and well-coordinated manner.

Objective 3: Encourage a collaborative federalism approach, where Federal, State, Tribal, and local governments interact cooperatively and collectively to solve common problems.

Objective 4: Take actions to assess the on-site and off-site impacts during the emergency response phase of this incident. Provide this information to state and local authorities to assist them in their decision to protect the local citizens.

Objective 5: Conduct activities to prevent off-site releases from the ITC Tank Farm.

Objective 6: Respond to, mitigate and recovery off-site releases from the ITC Tank Farm.

Objective 7: Maintain open communication with Regional management

Incident Overview:

On March 17, 2019, an above ground storage tank containing Naphtha, caught fire at the Intercontinental Terminal Company (ITC), LLC facility in Deer Park Texas. The ITC facility consists of 15 80,000-barrel capacity above ground storage tanks containing petroleum products including Naphtha, Xylene, Toluene, Gasoline Blendstock, and Base Oil. Eleven of the 15 80,000-barrel capacity above ground storage tanks on site were involved in the fire, resulting in the release of contaminants into the atmosphere, as well discharging the contents of the tanks to drainage pathways. Firefighting water and foam potentially containing petroleum products were released from an outfall due to accumulation of water from firefighting efforts. Various firefighting organizations assisted in putting out the fire utilizing a variety of firefighting foams.

A partial breach of the tank farm containment wall on the northeast side near Tank 80-7 occurred at approximately 12:00 pm on March 22, 2019, to the ditched area and into Tucker Bayou. Additional boom was placed along the ditch leading to Tucker Bayou and Buffalo Bayou (Houston Ship Channel). The Responsible Party's contractor has rebuilt the containment wall using clay material.

At approximately 3:40 pm on March 22, 2019, three tanks reignited. The fire spread from the containment area through the breached containment wall into the ditch along Tidal Road. Foam was applied to the tanks and the ditch to extinguish the fire.

During and after the fire and the breach of the secondary containment, several readings of benzene above 1.0 ppm were detected (highest was 16.5 near National Tank Services) by the various entities

conducting air monitoring through the afternoon and night. These readings were located along the ship channel.

The United States Coast Guard (USCG) Captain of the Port is continuing the controlled open for the Ship Channel on March 26, 2019, with traffic during the daytime only. Decontamination vessels are being positioned to help ships that may have residue on the hulls.

Due to the initial fires and subsequent releases, shelters in place have occurred throughout the week of March 17, 2019.

Executive Overview:

- The flushing of Tucker Bayou continued April 4, 2019, the skimming activities are now occurring 24-hours per day. Benzene readings have not spiked during the flushing activities.
- Work within the tank farm continued April 4, 2019, with Tanks 80-2, 80-3, 80-7 and 80-8 being drained or vacuumed. Removal of sludge from 80-14 and 80-15 started but stopped due to elevated benzene levels in the tank farm.
- Harris County and TCEQ have received six calls from citizens in the Channelview area reporting foam in residential area. ITC is developing a plan to address the foam in the residential areas. EPA will provide comments on the plan.
- Due to forecasts for substantial amount of rain, ITC is currently evaluating options to deal with the increased volumes from upstream businesses and drainage areas, which flow through the drainage ditch immediately off Independence and Tidal road. Outfalls 002 and 003 would not be utilized due to the waters that would be coming to those areas would be contact water due to the incident.
- Several entities including Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), EPA, and ITC continue to conduct air monitoring around the tank farm, in adjoining industrial areas, and communities downwind from the facility.
- ITC continued community air monitoring on April 4 (midnight to midnight); there were 730 VOC readings (10 detections) and 618 benzene readings (8 detections).
- EPA conducted surface water sampling on April 4, 2019, at 10 sample locations. The surface water samples were collected along Buffalo Bayou and the San Jacinto River, and will be analyzed for PFAS, VOCs, SVOCs, COD, and Oil & Grease.
- The Airborne Spectral Photometric Environmental Collection Technology (ASPECT) aircraft did not fly during this reporting period due to low ceiling (cloud cover).
- EPA conducted air sampling using the Trace Atmospheric Gas Analyzer (TAGA) on April 4, 2019. The TAGA analyzed the air samples for benzene, toluene and xylene. The TAGA air sampling results were compared to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) short-term Air Monitoring Comparison Values (AMCVs) and found no exceedances of the short-term AMCVs for toluene. The TAGA air sampling results found exceedances of the short-term AMCV for benzene (0.18 ppm) and xylene (1.7 ppm) directly north of the ITC facility. These exceedances of the short-term AMCV for benzene and xylene have been shared with unified command and local officials.
- EPA conducted handheld air monitoring on April 4, 2019, from 00:00 to 23:59 at 58 locations. Results were reported above the detection limit at four locations for total volatile organic compounds (VOCs). EPA will continue to conduct additional air monitoring.
- TCEQ continued handheld air monitoring on April 4 from 12:00 am to 10:00; no readings above the Unified Command action level were detected.
- As of 7:00 pm on Thursday, April 5:
 - 137,400 feet of boom deployed
 - 89,576 bbl of product/water recovered from water operations
 - 127,457 bbl of product/water recovered from tank farm
 - Approximately 465,000 gallons of foam concentrate used for fire-fighting/suppression and emission suppression

Total Vessels as of April 3, 2019				
Work Boats	Barges	Small Capacity Skimming Vessels	Skimmers	Total Vessels
117	105	25	111	358

Tank Status	Tank No.
Complete	80-2, 80-3, 80-7, 80-10, 80-12, 80-13, 80-14, 80-15
Standby	80-1, 80-4, 80-5, 80-6, 80-8, 80-9, 80-11

Coordination with State Agencies:

On March 17, 2019, in response to a tank fire at the ITC, federal, state and local agencies joined ITC in a Unified Command. Multiple agencies including the United States Coast Guard, the TCEQ, and Harris County Pollution Control Services supported the response effort.

EPA Resources:

Personnel	EPA R6 Dallas	ITC Deer Park	Total
EPA Region 6	11	10	21
EPA Non-Region 6	0	6	6
START	1	18	19
Other Contractors	0	8	8
Total	12	42	54

Additional Information: Air Monitoring and Water Sampling locations, and Waste Storage Tanks:

